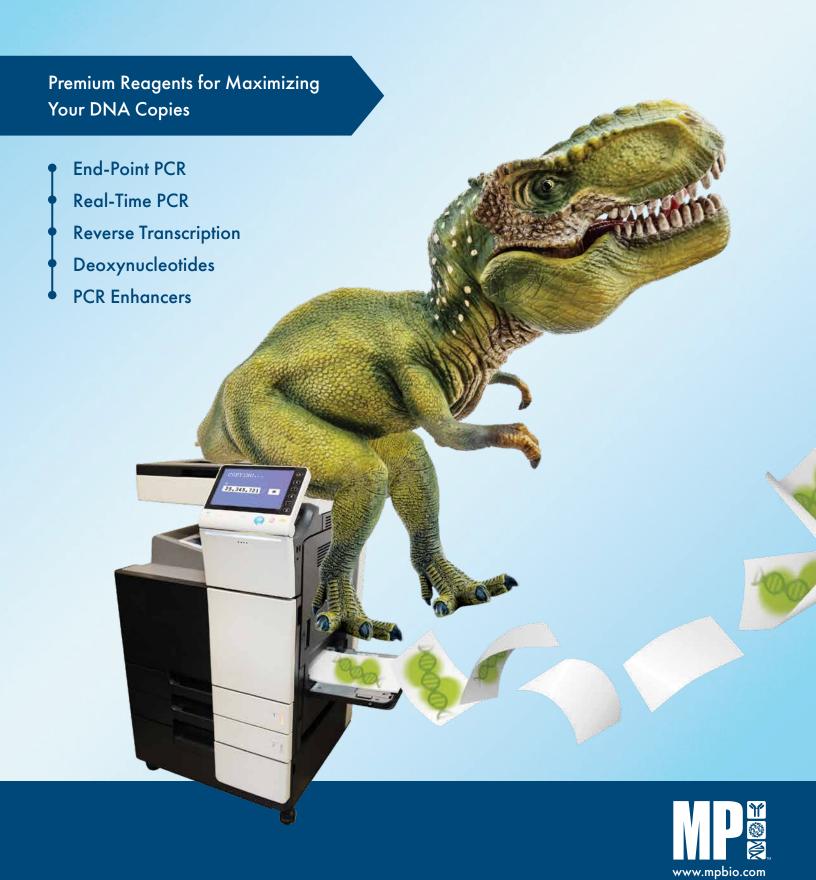
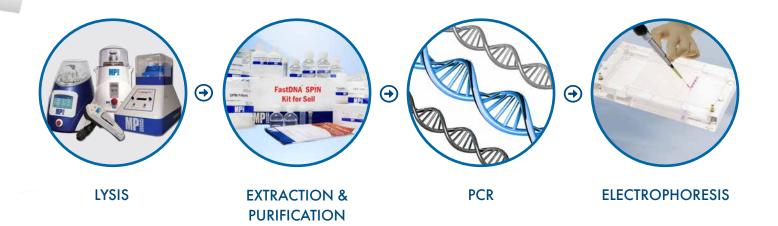
# PCR Enzymes, Mastermixes and Kits



# Optimize your Molecular Biology Workflow with our Complete Solution



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# **Taq DNA Polymerase**

Recombinant form of the thermostable DNA Polymerase from Thermus aquaticus

MP Biomedicals has 30 years of experience in the research and manufacture of recombinant Tag DNA polymerase to ensure:

#### Lot-to-lot reproducibility

Strict quality control procedures guarantee the same enzyme activity for each produced batch.

Control of contaminants such as nickases, endo/exonucleases, ribonucleases and bacterial/plasmid DNA.

#### High purity

Taq DNA Polymerase is highly purified to ensure the lowest possible contamination from *E. coli* DNA or plasmid DNA and thus avoid PCR-false positive results.

#### **Robust PCR performance**

Performance comparison with other Taq Polymerase sources show comparable or superior amplification yields.

#### Optimal flexibility

The unique 10x reaction buffer has been optimized for maximum stability and efficiency in any PCR reaction. Other buffers tailored for specific applications are available as well.

#### Convenience

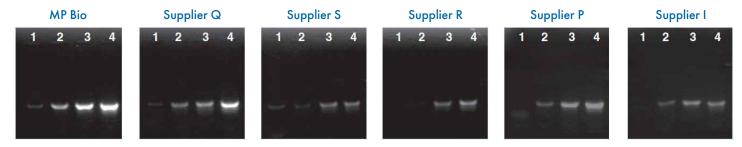
A wide selection of pack sizes, buffers and enzyme concentrations meet the needs of every PCR application.

# reaction buffers for greater application flexibility

Standard Buffer: 10x PCR buffer with or without MgCl<sub>2</sub> at 1.5 mM final concentration. Used extensively for years by researchers over a broad range of reaction conditions.

**XD Buffer**: Lacking detergent and BSA and ideally suited for automated reaction set up or HPLC systems. Other special applications include PCR using vegetable or beef material.

Direct Loading Buffer: A PCR buffer which contains a densifying agent and red-purple dye that allows direct loading of amplifications after cycling.



Amplification of a 500 bp fragment from phage DNA with 0.5 U each Taq DNA polymerase.

Lane 1: 100 pg; Lane 2: 1 ng; Lane 3: 10 ng; Lane 4: 100 ng



Buffer/Reagents	Taq DNA Polymerase concentration	Pack Size	Cat. No.
		1 x 250 U	11EPTQA025
		3 x 250 U	11EPTQA325
10x Standard buffer with Mg	5 U/μL	10 x 250 U	11EPTQA925
10x Standard buffer without Mg		1 x 1000 U	11EPTQA100
25 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub>		5 x 1000 U	11EPTQA105
	15 11 / 1	1 x 600 U	11EPTQC060
	ιο υ/ μι –	1 x 2000 U	11EPTQC200
		1 x 250 U	11EPTQD025
10x Standard buffer with Mg	5 U/μL	3 x 250 U	11EPTQD325
	_	10 x 250 U	11EPTQD925
		1 x 250 U	11 EPTQX025
	5 U/μL	3 x 250 U	11EPTQX325
10x XD buffer with Mg	_	10 x 250 U	11EPTQX925
	15 11 / 1	1 x 600 U	11 EPTQX060
	15 U/μL -	1 x 2000 U	11EPTQX200
5x Direct Loading buffer with Mg	E 11 / 1	1 x 250 U	11 EPTQL025
25 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub>	5 U/μL –	1 x 1000 U	11 EPTQL 100

# **Taq CORE Kits**

Taq DNA polymerase and dNTPs in one kit

Taq CORE Kits contain all the reagents (presented as separate items) required for amplification:

High quality recombinant Taq DNA polymerase High purity dNTP mixes at 10 mM or 25 mM of each dNTP Optimized incubation buffers with/without magnesium chloride

Separate MgCl<sub>2</sub> solution

CORE Kit Components	Pack Size	<b>Cat. No.</b> With dNTPs 10 mM each	<b>Cat. No.</b> With dNTPs 25 mM each
	1 x 250 U	11 EPTQK 101	11 EPTQK251
Taq Polymerase 5 U/μL; 10x Standard buffer with Mg;	10 x 250 U	11 EPTQK 109	11 EPTQK259
10x Standard buffer without Mg; 25 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub> ; dNTP mix	1 x 1000 U	11 EPTQK300	
	5 x 1000 U	11EPTQK10L	11 EPTQK25L
Taq Polymerase 15 U/μL; 10x Standard buffer with Mg;	1 x 600 U	11 EPTQKC610	11 EPTQKC620
10x Standard buffer without Mg; 25 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub> ; dNTP mix	12 x 600 U	11EPTQKD600	
Taq Polymerase 5 U/μL; 10x Standard buffer	1 x 250 U	11 EPTQKD 101	11 EPTQKD251
with Mg; dNTP mix	10 x 250 U	11EPTQKD109	11 EPTQKD259
Taq Polymerase 5 U/μL; 10x Direct Loading buffer with Mg;	1 x 250 U	11 EPTQKL101	11 EPTQKL251
10x Direct Loading buffer without Mg; dNTP mix	5 x 250 U	11 EPTQKL105	11 EPTQKL255







Taq DNA Polymerase

The majority of commercially available *Taq* DNA polymerases are recombinant enzymes purified after overexpression in *E. coli*. Although these enzymes are expected to perform in a similar manner, controlled laboratory tests show that this is not necessarily the case.

MP Bio has 30 years of experience in the research and development of thermostable polymerases. From the collective experience built up in our protein purification laboratory, we can ensure that each batch of enzyme is rigorously purified and consistently reaches our high standards for performance. As part of our quality control procedures, we routinely perform PCR reactions for 420 and 1600 bp amplicons from human genomic DNA. To assess the amplification efficiency of MP Bio's Taq DNA polymerase, we ran several parallel reactions using competitors' Taq polymerases (from A to E). The results of such tests are shown in figures 1 and 2.

Another potential problem in the use of recombinant enzymes is contamination from endogenous *E. coli* DNA. This contamination may cause a problem for laboratories working with DNA from *E. coli*. MP Bio's Taq DNA polymerase is highly purified in order to obtain the lowest possible contamination from *E. coli* DNA. A PCR reaction, using oligonucleotide primers specific to the 16S RNA of *E. coli* producing a 392 bp fragment, is used to assess the level of contamination in every preparation of Taq DNA polymerase. Results indicate that MP Bio's Taq DNA polymerase has the lowest amount of contaminating DNA compared to other enzymes tested under the same conditions (figure 3).

MP Bio, as a quality manufacturer, can ensure the reproducibility and purity of each batch of this robust enzyme. MP Bio's Taq Polymerase is available in two concentrations: 5 U/ $\mu$ L and 15 U/ $\mu$ L. The unique IOx reaction buffer has been optimized in our laboratories for maximum stability and efficiency in any PCR reaction. We offer a comprehensive range of different pack sizes and are also able to provide custom packaging.

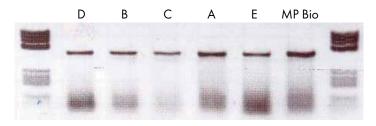
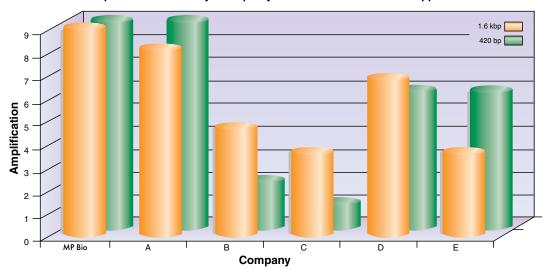


Figure 2 Amplification of a 420 bp fragment from 10 ng human genomic DNA, with 0.5 U of Taq polymerase. After amplification as described above, 12.5  $\mu$ L of each reaction was loaded onto an agarose gel for analysis.



Figure 3
Level of contaminating E. coli
genomic DNA in preparations of
Taq DNA polymerase. Lanes 1 to
4 increasing units 1, 1.5, 2 and
5, respectively, of competitor B's
Taq DNA Polymerase. Lanes 5
to 8 as above but MP Bio's Taq
DNA Polymerase.





#### Figure 1

Human genomic DNA (10 ng) was amplified using varying quantities of Taq DNA polymerase, in the supplied buffers, from several commercial suppliers (A-E). Amplification conditions produce either a 420 or a 1600 bp fragment using the following conditions:

**420** bp: 5′ 93°C, 1′ 91°C, 1′ 62°C, 1′30″ 72°C, 30 cycles.

**1600** bp: 5′ 93°C, 1′ 91 °C, 1′ 62°C, 2′ 70°C, 37 cycles.

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# Tag DNA Polymerase Mastermix - Tag-&GO

Ready-to-use PCR mastermix

Taq-&GO is an optimized reaction mix for PCR containing high quality Taq DNA polymerase, ultra-pure dNTPs and incubation buffer with magnesium chloride.

Simply add 10  $\mu$ L of Taq-&GO to a 40  $\mu$ L template-primers solution...and GO!

Optimized for highly efficient PCR

Significant savings in preparation time

Reduced pipetting errors and cross-contamination

Highly reproducible results

Stable at 4°C for over one year

Colorless mix compatible with direct fluorescence/absorbance readings

# HIGH REPRODUCIBILITY



Amplification of a 400 bp fragment of human  $\beta$ -globin with Taq DNA polymerase. Varying amounts of human  $\beta$ -globin, 1 pg to 100 ng, were amplified under the following conditions: 50 µL reaction; 50 pmoles each specific primer, 300 µM each dNTP, 1 U Taq DNA polymerase, MgCl<sub>2</sub> 1.5 mM.

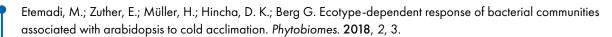
Lane 1: Marker pBR322/HaelII; Lane 2: 1pg; Lane 3: 25 pg;

Lane 4: 250 pg; Lane 5: 1 ng; Lane 6: 10 ng;

Lane 7: 100 ng of template DNA, respectively.

Description	Volume	Pack Size	Cat. No.
To 800 Moderni	1 mL	100 reactions of 50 μL	11 EPTAG 100
Taq-&GO Mastermix	10 x 1 mL	1000 reactions of 50 μL	11EPTAG 110

#### **References**



Krug, L.; Erlacher, A.; Berg, G.; Cernava T. A novel, nature-based alternative for photobioreactor decontaminations. *Scientific Reports.* **2019**, *9*, 2864.



# Tag DNA Polymerase Mastermix - Tag-&LOAD

Ready-to-use mastermix for direct loading of PCR products on an agarose gel

Taq-&LOAD is a mastermix containing high quality Taq DNA polymerase, ultra-pure dNTPs, incubation buffer with magnesium chloride, and a densifying agent and red/purple dye that allows direct monitoring on agarose gels.

Analysis of PCR results has never been so fast and convenient!

Direct loading of PCR reactions without additional step

Reduced cross-contamination

High yields and high sensitivity

Reproducible

Stable at 4°C

Fast, convenient and particularly useful in high throughput experiments

# High sensitivity, high yields

Taq-&LOAD offers a very high PCR sensitivity, leading to greater yields of specific PCR products. Detection of as little as 1 fg of DNA has been achieved.



Amplification of a 400 bp fragment from a pBR plasmid with Taq-&LOAD. Reaction conditions: 5  $\mu$ L of Taq-&LOAD Mastermix in a final 25  $\mu$ L reaction. 10  $\mu$ L of the reaction has been loaded on a 1.2% TBE gel.

# LEARN MORE AT MPBIO.COM

Description	Volume	Pack Size	Cat. No.
T 810 AD AA	1 mL	100 reactions of 50 μL	11 EPTAL 100
Taq-&LOAD Mastermix	10 x 1 mL	1000 reactions of 50 μL	11 EPTAL 110

#### **References**

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# **SurePRIME DNA Polymerase**

#### For Hot Start PCR

SurePRIME DNA Polymerase is an improved "Hot Start" DNA Polymerase used to increase specificity and product yield. SurePRIME DNA Polymerase is heat-activated after a pre-incubation step at 95°C and is then functionally equivalent to classical *Taq* DNA Polymerase.

# Chemically modified recombinant Taq DNA polymerase

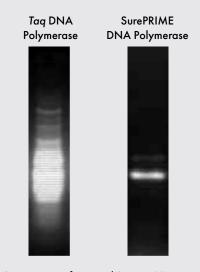
The enzyme is a highly purified form of recombinant *Taq* DNA Polymerase that has been chemically modified by the addition of heat-labile blocking groups to specific amino acid residues. Prior to PCR, in its inactive state, SurePRIME DNA Polymerase is incapable of extending primer-dimers or mis-annealed primer-template species that form below the specific annealing temperature. The 95°C incubation step therefore serves to activate the enzyme and to ensure a completely "clean" initial PCR cycle.

# Easy to use

Once activated, SurePRIME DNA Polymerase is functionally equivalent to Taq DNA Polymerase. The only additional PCR program modification required is an initial 15 min. pre-incubation step at 95°C. Efficiency can be improved by a progressive activation (initial activation for 5 min. at 95°C followed by 1 min. activation at 95°C for each cycle).

#### Save time and effort

Switching to SurePRIME DNA Polymerase avoids complicated and time-consuming manual "Hot Start" procedures or less efficient antibody-binding solutions.



# Comparison of Taq and SurePRIME DNA Polymerases

In this experiment, amplification conditions favoring the formation of non-specific product were intentionally employed. PCR conditions utilized non-optimized primers and a 30 minute pre-incubation step at room temperature.

Description	Volume	Pack Size	Cat. No.
C DDIAAF I	50 μL	250 U	11 EPHSPO25
SurePRIME polymerase	250 μL	5x 250 U	11 EPHSP525

# **SurePRIME CORE Kits**

SurePRIME DNA polymerase and dNTPs in one kit

SurePRIME CORE Kits contain all the reagents (separate items) required for amplification:

SurePRIME DNA polymerase supplied in a formulation containing 50% glycerol

IN ITD

Separate MgCl<sub>2</sub> solution

High purity dNTP Mix at either 10 mM or 25 mM of each dNTP

Dilution buffer containing 50% glycerol

Optimized incubation buffer without magnesium

CORE Kit Components	Pack Size	<b>Cat. No.</b> With dNTPs 10 mM each	<b>Cat. No.</b> With dNTPs 25 mM each
SurePRIME DNA Polymerase 5 U/ $\mu$ L; 10x Standard buffer without Mg; 25 mM MgCl $_2$ ; dNTP mix; Dilution buffer containing 50% glycerol	5 x 250 U	11EPHSK105	11EPHSK255

# Performance of SurePRIME DNA Polymerase with non-optimized primers

A set of non-optimized primers amplifying a 400 bp region of the human  $\beta$ -globin gene was prepared. The primer set (see below) was designed with mismatched bases at the 5' end to represent PCR conditions frequently encountered in cloning (e.g. introduction of a restriction site). Two parallel sets of experiments were set up using SurePRIME and classical Taq DNA Polymerase. PCR mixes were assembled using the recommended buffer for each enzyme and 100 ng of template DNA. To further influence the conditions for non specific priming, the PCR reactions, once set up, were incubated for 30 min at 25°C. (Under these conditions classical Taq DNA Polymerase is able to elongate mismatched primers). After this incubation step, SurePRIME DNA Polymerase was activated by heating for 15 min at 95°C, followed by identical cycling conditions for both sets of reactions.

#### Taq DNA Polymerase



Figure 1 Lane 1: 1 U Lane 2: 2 U Lane 3: 5 U of Taq DNA Polymerase, respectively with 100 ng template DNA Lane 4: pBR322/HaelII

#### SurePRIME DNA Polymerase



Figure 2
Lane 1: 1 U
Lane 2: 2 U
Lane 3: 5 U of SurePRIME™ DNA Polymerase,
respectively with 100 ng template DNA
Lane 4: pBR322/HaeIII.

#### **PCR Primers**

Oligo 1 Sal 1
5' CTG TCG ACT CAC CTT AGG GT 3'
Tm = 36°C for specific bases (underlined), 60°C for whole oligo - 20 nts

Oligo2 EcoR I
5' TCG GAA TTC TGG GCA TAA AAG 3'
Tm = 34°C for specific bases (underlined), 60°C for whole oligo - 21 nts

#### **PCR Programs**

#### Taq DNA Polymerase

[30' at  $25^{\circ}$ C] [(5' at  $93^{\circ}$ C) x 1] – [(1' at  $53^{\circ}$ C – 2' at  $70^{\circ}$ C – 1' at  $93^{\circ}$ C) x 3] – [(1' at  $62^{\circ}$ C – 2' at  $70^{\circ}$ C – 1' at  $93^{\circ}$ C) x 30] – [(1' at  $62^{\circ}$ C – 10' at  $70^{\circ}$ C) x 1], Hold at  $30^{\circ}$ C

#### SurePRIME DNA Polymerase

[30' at  $25^{\circ}$ C] [(15' at  $95^{\circ}$ C) x 1] – [(1' at  $53^{\circ}$ C – 2' at  $70^{\circ}$ C – 1' at  $93^{\circ}$ C) x 3] – [(1' at  $62^{\circ}$ C – 2' at  $70^{\circ}$ C – 1' at  $93^{\circ}$ C) x 30] – [(1' at  $62^{\circ}$ C – 10' at  $70^{\circ}$ C) x 1], Hold at  $30^{\circ}$ C

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Gobeil-Richard, M.; Tremblay, D. M.; Beaulieu, C.; Van der Heyden, H.; Carisse, O. A pyrosequencing-based method to quantify genetic substitutions associated with resistance to succinate dehydrogenase inhibitor fungicides in Botrytis spp. Populations. *Pest Management Science*. **2016**, *72*, 566.





# **Izis DNA Polymerase**

## For high fidelity PCR

High fidelity is a key requirement for many PCR applications, particularly for cloning lengthy and difficult DNA strands. Izis High Fidelity DNA polymerase amplifies long DNA fragments with one of the lowest error rates in the market. Moreover, this polymerase exhibits very high thermal stability. Therefore, the denaturation temperature can be increased for reading through difficult secondary structure.

# 40x more accurate than Taq DNA polymerase

Originally isolated from *Pyrococcus abyssi*, Izis DNA Polymerase is a high-performing proofreading DNA polymerase. This enzyme displays an extremely low error rate and is 40 times more accurate than *Taq* DNA Polymerase, according to the method of Flaman (Flaman, J.M. et al. 1995 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 92, 3963-3967). This translates to a probability of misincorporation of around one error per 1,600,000 base pairs per PCR cycle.

# Highly thermostable

The Izis DNA Polymerase is the most thermostable proofreading polymerase available and will therefore retain more activity during PCR, thereby providing higher product yields. 90% of polymerase activity remains after a 5 hour incubation at 90°C, and 50% activity remains after 5 hours at 100°C. Higher thermostability permits greater flexibility in setting denaturation times and temperature, e.g. for difficult, GC rich templates.

#### Easy to use

Izis DNA Polymerase shows very robust activity over a range of different amplification conditions and does not require primer 3'-end protection, unlike many other proofreading enzymes. This means less time is needed for reaction set-up and optimization.



Amplification of human  $\beta$ -globin DNA 400 bp (lane 2), 900 bp (lane 3) and mitochrondrial human DNA (4.0 kb, lane 4) with Izis DNA polymerase. Reactions: 10 ng of each DNA template, 50 pmoles of each primer, 100  $\mu$ M of each dNTP and 1.5 mM MgSO<sub>4</sub>. 0.5 U of Izis DNA polymerase was used for amplifying 400 bp and 1 U for 900 bp and 4.0 kb. Lane 1: Leon<sup>TM</sup> molecular weight marker.

#### Amplifications programs:

400 bp 5' at 93°C (1' at 91°C, 1' at 62°C, 1'15" at 72°C)  $\times$  30. 900 bp 5' at 93°C (1' at 91°C, 1' at 62°C, 1'30" at 72°C)  $\times$  30. 4.0 kb 5' at 93°C (30" at 94°C, 2' at 62°C, 5' at 72°C)  $\times$  20.

Description	Volume	Pack Size	Cat. No.
L. D. L.	100 μL	100 U	11 EPSIS 100
Izis Polymerase	300 μL	3 x 100 U	11EPSIS103



## **Izis CORE Kit**

# Izis DNA polymerase and dNTPs in one kit

Izis CORE Kits contain all the reagents (separate items) required for amplification:

100 U Izis DNA Polymerase at 1 U/µL lzis buffer 10 x C (1 mL) with MgSO<sub>4</sub>

Separate MgCl<sub>2</sub> solution

dNTP 10 mM

CORE Kit Components	Pack Size	<b>Cat. No.</b> With dNTPs 10 mM each
Izis Polymerase 1U/μL; 10x Standard Buffer with Mg 30 mM MgCl <sub>2′</sub> dNTP mix	100 U	11EPSISK100

# **REFERENCES - IZIS POLYMERASE**

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# **Q-Bio Tag DNA Polymerase**

# For multiplex PCR

Q-Bio Taq DNA Polymerase is encoded by a modified form of the Thermus aquaticus DNA Polymerase gene with a N-terminal deletion.

Lacks 5'-3' exonuclease activity

Q-Bio Taq DNA Polymerase lacks 5'exonuclease activity, which makes this enzyme particularly suitable for Multiplex PCR using several primer pairs.

Highly thermostable

Q-Bio Taq DNA Polymerase is more thermostable than full-length Taq DNA Polymerase, as repeated exposure to  $98\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  does not diminish enzyme activity.

Cannot degrade the 5' end of primers

Q-Bio Taq DNA Polymerase lacks the ability to degrade the 5' end of primers and is therefore ideal for Multiplex PCR and RAPD applications.

Description	Volume	Pack Size	Cat. No.
O Die Terrelemen	50 μL	250 U	11EPQBT025
Q-Bio Taq polymerase	100 μL	500 U	11 EPQBT050

# Q-Bio Tag CORE Kit

Q-Bio Tag DNA polymerase and dNTPs in one kit

The Q-Bio Tag CORE Kit contains all the reagents (separate items) required for amplification:

250~U~Q-Bio  $Taq~DNA~Polymerase~at~5~U/\mu L$ 

Q-Bio Taq PCR buffer 10xC with and without MgCl<sub>2</sub>

dNTP mix at 10 mM each

Separate MgCl<sub>2</sub> solution



CORE Kit Components	Pack Size	<b>Cat. No.</b> With dNTPs 10 mM each
Q-Bio Taq Polymerase 5 U/µL; 10x Standard buffer with Mg; 10x Standard buffer without Mg; 25 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub> ; dNTP mix	250 U	11EPQBK1025



# **REFERENCES - Q-BIO TAQ POLYMERASE**

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# Direct Amplification of DNA from Whole Blood Samples



Traditional testing methods in clinical and research laboratories are increasingly being replaced by Molecular Diagnostic techniques, the most popular of which is PCR. PCR offers several advantages over traditional methods, including increased sensitivity, specificity and testing times.

Despite its widespread use as a molecular diagnostic technique, PCR methods still impose several challenges in various applications. Initial sample preparation prior to PCR setup is often labor-intensive, requiring a high degree of standardization and increasing costs. DNA isolation procedures can increase the risk of cross-contamination between samples. For particular sample types such as blood, endogenous and exogenous DNA polymerase inhibitors make it necessary to start with a highly purified template for amplification.

To overcome the challenges of performing PCR with whole blood samples, MP Bio offers a solution with Izis DNA polymerase. Compared to standard Taq DNA polymerase, the Izis proofreading DNA polymerase is shown to have higher resistance to common PCR inhibitors at equivalent units and an accuracy 40x greater. This high-fidelity property is of particular interest for SNP testing.

Figure 1 compares Izis and Taq DNA Polymerase performances to detect the beta-globin gene from 10 ng exogenous gDNA in the presence of different volumes of blood, with EDTA as the anticoagulant. Assays using up to 5% (vol/vol) blood are efficiently performed with 0.5 U of Izis, while amplifications with 1.25 U Taq DNA are inhibited beyond 0.2% blood. This demonstrates a 25-fold increase in performance for Izis DNA Pol compared to Taq DNA Pol.

Identical PCR assays were performed without addition of external DNA. Izis DNA Pol is able to amplify the target in the presence of 0.2% to 5% blood, whereas *Taq* DNA Pol is ineffective (Fig. 2). These results were also confirmed with sodium citrate as the anticoagulant.

#### Conclusion

Izis DNA polymerase is a useful tool for PCR amplification direct from whole blood. Decreased time, costs, cross-contamination risks and greater resistance to common inhibitors provide an ideal solution for high-throughput screening of blood samples.

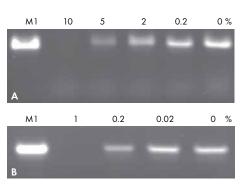


Figure 1:
PCR amplification of
exogenous genomic human
DNA (10 ng) in presence of
fresh human blood collected
with EDTA (% v/v). A: 0.5 U
Izis DNA Pol per 50 µL assay.
Blood quantities in % v/v:
10%; 5%; 2%; 0.2% and
without blood. B: 1.25 U Taq
DNA Pol per 50 µL assay.
Blood quantities in % v/v:
1%; 0.2 %; 1.12% and without
blood. M1 - 420 bp frament
marker

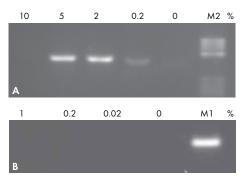


Figure 2: Blood direct amplification of 420 bp beta-globin fragment. Fresh human blood collected with EDTA as anti-coagulant and stored at +4°C. No external DNA is added. A: 0.5 U of Izis DNA Pol per 50 μL assay. Blood quantities in % v/v: 10%; 5%; 2%; 0.2% and without blood. Molecular weight marker (M2) is pBR322 Hae III digest. B: 1.25 U of Taq DNA Pol per 50 µL assay. Various concentations of blood were tested: 1%, 0.2%; 0.02 % and without blood. The marker (M1) is at 420 bp.

# Choose a DNA polymerase that fits your application needs.

	Routine PCR	PCR with increased specificity (hot start)	Extermely high fidelity	Simultaneous PCR of multiple targets (multiplex PCR)
	Taq	SurePRIME™	Izis	Q-Bio Taq
5' to 3' exonuclease	Yes	Yes	No	No
3' to 5' exonuclease	No	No	Yes	No
Error rate (10 <sup>-6</sup> )	24	24	0.6	24
Thermostability (half life at 95°C)	40 min	40 min	18 hours	80 min
Activity at 25°C	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Max Target Length	>7kb	>7kb	>18 kb	>7kb
3' - End	dA	dA	blunt	dA

Applications for PCR continue to increase in complexity and variety. This growth has driven researchers to choose novel polymerases with specific high performance features. MP Bio is actively developing innovative enzymes that offer higher:

Sensitivity

**Processivity** 

**Fidelity** 

**Thermostability** 

# **qPCR & Go Mastermixes**

MP Bio's Real-Time PCR Solutions



Superior Rapid DNA Analysis on all qPCR platforms

**LEARN MORE** www.mpbio.com/qPCR

# **Real-time PCR**

# qPCR & Go SYBR® Kits

# SYBR-Green-based quantitative PCR

The qPCR & Go SYBR Kit has been developed for fast, highly sensitive and reproducible real-time PCR and has been validated on commonly used real-time instruments. The use of antibodies for the hot-start DNA polymerase system reduces the chances of primer-dimer formation and non-specific priming, leading to greater sensitivity. The addition of the latest advances in buffer chemistry and enhancers also ensures that the qPCR & Go SYBR Kit produces faster (under 30 minutes), highly reproducible real-time PCR results.

#### Rapid

Unique buffer chemistry saves time and increases specificity and sensitivity

#### Accurate

Hot-start capability reduces primer-dimer formation, resulting in specific amplification

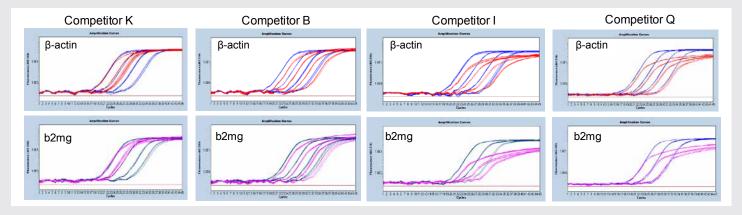
#### Sensitive

Amplification from low copy targets

#### Flexible

Compatible with all standard and fast cycling instruments

# SPEED, REPRODUCIBILITY AND SENSITIVITY



Comparison of qPCR & Go SYBR® (blue) mixes against 4 other suppliers (red or pink) using fast cycling conditions. The process used a 10-fold serial dilution of murine cDNA (in quadruplicate) over 4 orders of magnitude. The conditions were 95°C for 2 min and 45 cycles of 95°C 10 sec, 60°C 15 sec. The results illustrate that the qPCR & Go SYBR® was faster (earlier Ct) and shows consistent reproducibility and sensitivity (highlighted by the uniform sigmoid curves, even after diluting down over several orders of magnitude).

Description	Pack Size	Cat. No.
qPCR & Go SYBR® High-ROX Kit	500 rxns (5 x 1 mL)	11 EBI01050
qrck & Go Stak - nign-kOX Kit	2000 rxns (4 x 5 mL)	11 EBI01200
qPCR & Go SYBR® Low-ROX Kit	500 rxns (5 x 1 mL)	11 EBIO2050
	2000 rxns (4 x 5 mL)	11 EBIO2200
qPCR & Go SYBR® No-ROX Kit	500 rxns (5 x 1 mL)	11 EBI03050
	2000 rxns (4 x 5 mL)	11 EBI03200

# qPCR & Go Probe Kits

# Probe-based quantitative PCR

The qPCR & Go Probe Kit is designed for superior sensitivity and specificity with probe-detection technology, including TaqMan®, Scorpions® and molecular beacon probes. The qPCR & Go Probe Kit has been optimized for fast mode on fast real-time PCR instruments, and fast cycling conditions on standard real-time PCR instruments. A combination of the latest advances in buffer chemistry and PCR enhancers, with antibodies for the hot-start DNA polymerase system, ensures that the qPCR & Go Probe Kit delivers shorter run times, is highly reproducible, highly-specific and ultra-sensitive. The advanced buffer chemistry and enhancers also makes the qPCR & Go Probe Kit perfect for multiplexing, allowing more samples to be run in a day with the highest confidence, ideal for high-throughput assays.

#### Highly specific

Minimal non-specific activity leading to better efficiency

#### Ultra-sensitive

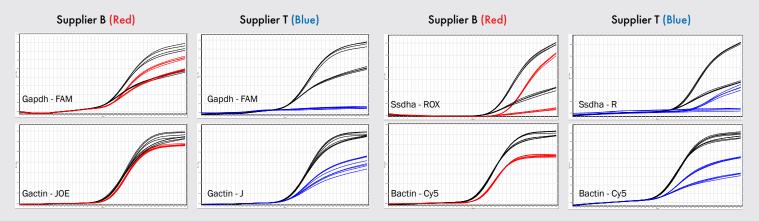
Perfect for low copy number samples

#### Fast

Unique buffer chemistry allowing fast protocols and higher productivity

#### Efficient multiplexing

No loss in efficiency using multiple probes



Comparison of qPCR & Go Probe (black) against 2 other suppliers (red for supplier B and blue for supplier T). The process used murine cDNA to analyze 4 different DNA targets. The conditions were 95°C for 5 min and 40 cycles of 95°C 10 sec, 60°C 20 sec. The results illustrate that qPCR & Go Probe displays more consistent and reproducible results (Ct values) when comparing singleplex and multiplex assays compared to masternixes from Suppliers B and T.

# SENSITIVITY AND EFFICIENCY IN MULTIPLEXING

Description	Pack Size	Cat. No.
qPCR & Go Probe High-ROX Kit	500 rxns (5 x 1 mL)	11EBIO4050
qrck & Go Frobe High-KOX Kii	2000 rxns (4 x 5 mL)	11EBIO4200
qPCR & Go Probe Low-ROX Kit	500 rxns (5 x 1 mL)	11EBI05050
	2000 rxns (4 x 5 mL)	11EBI05200
-DCD & C - DL - N - DOV V:	500 rxns (5 x 1 mL)	11EBI06050
qPCR & Go Probe No-ROX Kit	2000 rxns (4 x 5 mL)	11EBI06200

# **Reverse Transcription**

# **AMV Reverse Transcriptase**

Isolated from Avian Myeloblastosis Virus

AMV Reverse Transcriptase is an RNA-dependent DNA polymerase. It is widely used for first and second strand synthesis of complementary DNA (cDNA) from mRNA templates for cloning or for hybridization probes.

Withstands high reaction temperatures

AMV reverse transcriptase is suitable for synthesis of cDNA using specific primers, at temperatures of  $55^{\circ}$ C to  $60^{\circ}$ C. This high reaction temperature permits transcription of RNA containing secondary structure.

No 5' to 3' exonuclease activity

Polymerization proceeds in the  $5^{\prime}$  to  $3^{\prime}$  direction with no  $5^{\prime}$  to  $3^{\prime}$  exonuclease activity.

**Exhibits several enzymatic activities** 

AMV reverse transcriptase exhibits several enzymatic activities, an RNA-directed DNA polymerase, a DNA-dependent DNA polymerase, an RNase H and an unwinding activity.

MV reverse transcriptase —	Ο μΙ.	200 U 3 x 200 U	11EMAMV200 11EMAMV203
3	30 μL	3 x 200 U	11EMAMV203
			18/11/
			100
			N //
	10		
			5/1
8 100		1000	
7 9			

# cDNA Synthesis & Go Kit

## Mastermix for first strand cDNA synthesis

The cDNA Synthesis & Go Kit provides a rapid and sensitive method for first-strand cDNA synthesis. It displays excellent linearity across a wide range of starting material, revealing the same relative representation in cDNA templates, regardless of gene abundance, making it excellent for use in real-time PCR studies. A novel, highly-pure reverse transcriptase and new buffer system delivers highly-efficient synthesis of cDNA, enhanced reproducibility and data accuracy. These features make the cDNA Synthesis & Go Kit ideal for working with limited samples, such as laser-microdissected samples and tissue biopsies. The supplied buffer also employs a unique blend of random hexamer primers and anchored oligo dT to ensure unbiased 3' to 5' coverage and reverse transcription of all regions.

Additionally, the cDNA Synthesis & Go Kit can be used with qPCR & Go SYBR® and Probe Kits for fast real-time RT-PCR without compromising quality, with real-time results in less than one hour.

#### Reproducible

Unique reverse transcriptase and buffer generate consistent first-strand cDNA

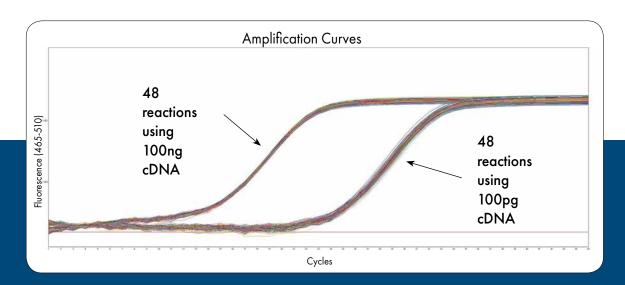
#### Sensitive

Real-time RT-PCR analysis from as little as 1 pg of starting total RNA

Broad dynamic range Ideal for dilute and low-copy samples

Unbiased cDNA synthesis

Complete 5' to 3' RNA sequence representation



# Reproducibility

The cDNA Synthesis & Go Kit was employed in 48 independent first-strand reactions, containing 100 ng or 100 pg of total RNA. The first strand products from the high and low input RNA were used in a real-time PCR assay (reactions performed in triplicate). The results demonstrate the excellent reproducibility of the cDNA Synthesis & Go Kit (the same Ct values), across all 144 wells with 100 ng of input target RNA and all 144 wells with 100 pg of input target RNA.

Description	Pack Size	Cat. No.
cDNA Synthesis & Go Kit	50 rxns	11 EBIO0005



# Deoxynucleotides

Achieve sensitive and consistent PCR results with ultra-purified deoxynucleotides. Free of polymerase inhibitors, each batch is specifically controlled for RNase, DNase and nicking contaminants activity.

This high-quality standard is assured by stringent functional testing in PCR using genomic template. PCR Grade Deoxynucleotides are suitable for use in PCR, RT-PCR, qPCR, cDNA synthesis, DNA sequencing and labeling.

# **dNTP Mixes**

# Ready-to-use solutions of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP

Avoid pipetting errors and cross-contamination using ready-to-use dNTP Mix. Optimized dNTP Mix includes dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP in an aqueous solution neutralized to pH 7.0, guaranteeing stability for 24 months when stored at -20°C.

Description	Volume	Pack Size	Cat. No.
dNTP Mix 5 mM each	1 mL	5 µmoles	11 NTPMX050
	5 x 1mL	5 x 5 μmoles	11 NTPMX055
dNTP Mix 10 mM each	500 μL	5 μmoles	11 NTPMX 100
	5 x 500 μL	5 x 5 μmoles	11 NTPMX 105
dNTP Mix 25 mM each	200 μL	5 μmoles	11 NTPMX250
	5 x 200 μL	5 x 5 μmoles	11 NTPMX255

# **dNTP Sets**

# Sets of separate vials of the 4 dNTPs (dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP)

Each set is composed of four separate vials of highly purified (>99%), PCR grade, sodium salts of dATP, dCTP, dGTP and dTTP. This format allows the use of different concentrations according to specific reaction requirements.

Description	Volume	Pack Size	Cat. No.
dNTP set - 100 mM each	4 x 250 μL	4 x 25 μmoles	11NTACG100
	4 x 1 mL	4 x 100 μmoles	11NTACG111

# **dNTP Separate Vials**

Separate vials of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP

Description	Volume	Pack Size	Cat. No.
dATP (100 mM)	250 μL	25 µmoles	11 NTATP 100
	1 mL	100 µmoles	11 NTATP 111
dCTP (100 mM)	250 μL	25 µmoles	11NTCTP100
	1 mL	100 µmoles	IINTCTPIII
dGTP (100 mM)	250 μL	25 µmoles	11NTGTP100
	1 mL	100 µmoles	11 NTGTP111
dTTP (100 mM)	250 μL	25 µmoles	11NTTTP100
	1 mL	100 μmoles	IINTTTPIII



# **PCR Enhancer**

# T4 bacteriophage gene 32

Protein that enhances DNA Polymerase proofreading activity

Single-strand binding protein.

T4 bacteriophage gene 32 product, or T4 gp32, is a single strand binding protein isolated from the bacteriophage T4. It is reported to act by binding to single stranded DNA in a cooperative manner, thereby destabilizing double-stranded DNA.

T4 gp32 is used to improve:

Yields of long PCR products catalyzed by Taq DNA Polymerase

PCR efficiency in the presence of inhibitors like humic acids

Amplification efficiency in low purity DNA

DNA Polymerase proofreading

Restriction enzyme digestion

Stabilizing of DNA single-stranded regions for site-directed mutagenesis

The supplied protein is a purified recombinant form free of endonucleases and nickases.

Description	Volume	Pack Size	Cat. No.
T4 gp32	200 μL	500 μg/mL	11TGP32100

## **Betaine Solution**

Betaine has been shown to improve the amplification of DNA by reducing the formation of secondary structure in GC-rich regions. It is an isostabilizing agent, equalizing the contribution of GC- and AT-base pairing to the stability of the DNA duplex.

Description	Pack Size	Cat. No.
Betaine, 5M, PCR grade	2 mL	11 BETA0020

## **DMSO Solution**

DMSO has been shown to facilitate DNA strand separation in GC-rich difficult secondary structures because it disrupts base pairing and has been shown to improve PCR efficiency.

Description	Pack Size	Cat. No.
	50 mL	0219481950
Dimethyl Sulfoxide, Molecular Biology grade	100 mL	0219481980
	250 mL	0219481983





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FastPrep® Sample Prep
Immunology
Molecular Biology

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# **MP Biomedicals**

Americas: 800.854.0530 | custserv@mpbio.com
Europe: 00800.7777.9999 | custserv.eur@mpbio.com
Japan: 03.6667.0730 | sales.japan@mpbio.com
Singapore: 65.6775.0008 | enquiry\_ap@mpbio.com
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